



OpenDNSSEC Integration

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Integration into an existing system

- Adding/removing zones
- Zone distribution
- Send the public keys to the parent zone

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Adding/removing zones

- Edit the zone list
 - Update the information in zonelist.xml
 - Trigger OpenDNSSEC to re-read the zonelist (ods-ksmutil update zonelist)
- Or only use CLI
 - `ods-ksmutil zone add --zone <name of zone>`
 - `ods-ksmutil zone delete --zone <name of zone>`
 - If the extra arguments are not used, then the system defaults will be used
 - Will edit the zonelist.xml for you

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Zone distribution

- OpenDNSSEC currently only support AXFR in, file in, and file out
- Remember to trigger OpenDNSSEC to re-read the zone file if you use file in
- Future versions will have better support
- You can use your favorite nameserver to serve the signed zone file
 - Use `<NotifyCommand>rndc reload %zone</NotifyCommand>` in conf.xml

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Sending keys to the parent zone

- Manually
 - Extract the keys from OpenDNSSEC or the signed zone
- Automatic
 - Use `<DelegationSignerSubmitCommand>` in `conf.xml`
 - OpenDNSSEC sends the current set of DNSKEY RR which should have a corresponding DS RR in the parent zone
 - A command which can receive DNSKEY RRset on stdin
 - The command has to do its own conversion to DS RR
 - Write your own plugin or use the ones provided by OpenDNSSEC

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EPP client

- Will use EPP to send DS RR to the parent
- Add `--enable-eppclient` to `./configure`
- You also need to install `libcurl`

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EPP client - configuration

```
<database>/var/opendnssec/eppclientd.sqlite</database>  
<pipe>/var/run/opendnssec/eppclientd.pipe</pipe>  
<pidfile>/var/run/opendnssec/eppclientd.pid</pidfile>  
<ackcommand>echo %s</ackcommand>
```

- The database is for the EPP queue
- The CLI needs to be able to talk to the daemon
- Once the key has been uploaded, then it can send back an acknowledge

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EPP client - configuration

```
<registry>
  <suffix>.se</suffix>
  <host>epptest.iis.se</host>
  <port>700</port>
  <clID>iisrod1</clID>
  <pw>inU{r1jzN0rf</pw>
  <clientcert>
    <file>mycert.pem</file>
    <type>PEM</type>
  </clientcert>
  <clientkey>
    <file>mykey.pem</file>
    <type>PEM</type>
    <password>foo</password>
  </clientkey>
  <svcExtension>
<![CDATA[
  <extURI>urn:se:iis:xml:epp:iis-1.1</extURI>
]]>
  </svcExtension>
  <maxrate>360</maxrate>
  <expirytime>3600</expirytime>
</registry>
```




simple-dnskey-mailer

- A simple plugin to send the DNSKEYs to your email

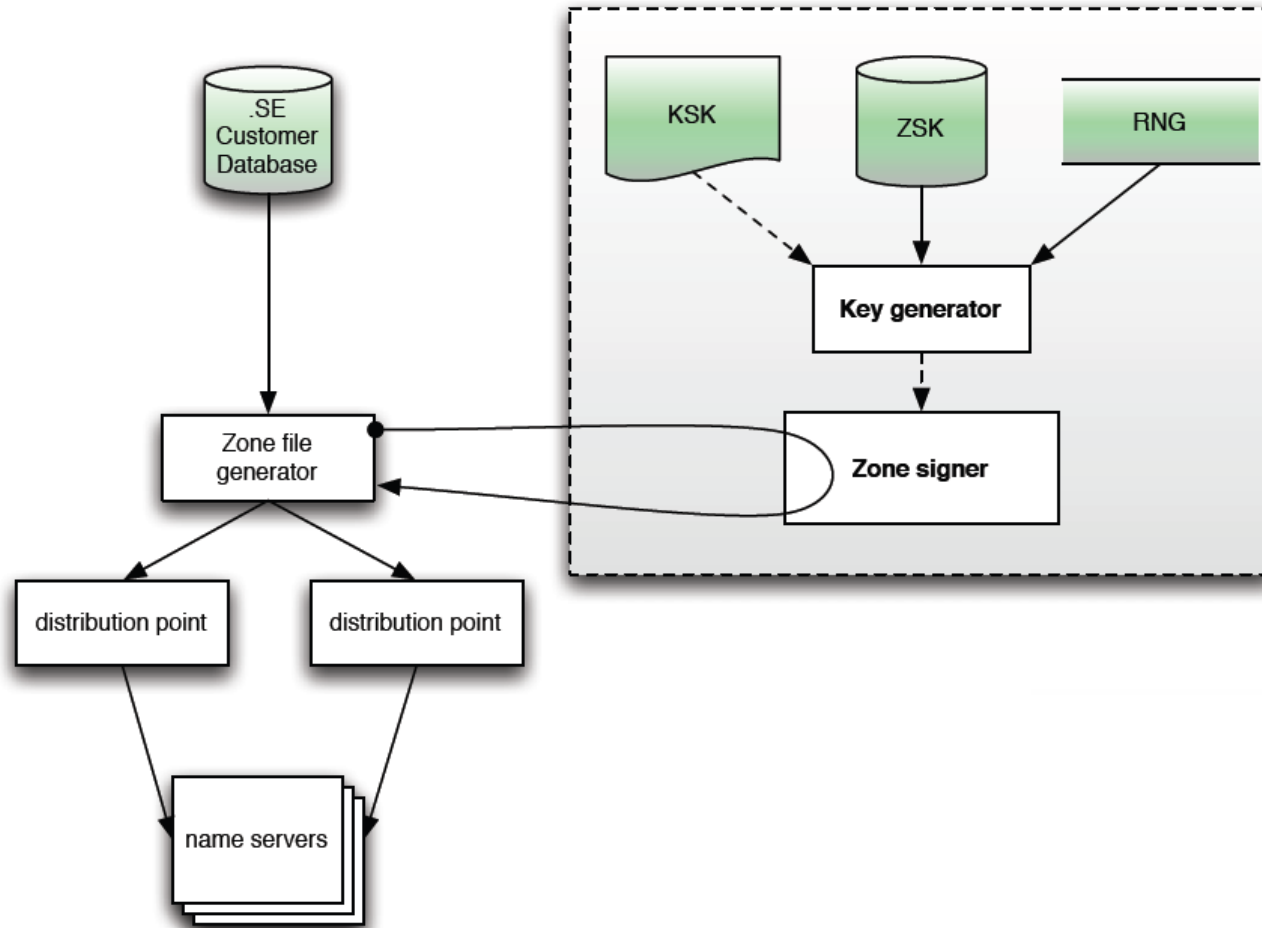
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OpenDNSSEC at .SE

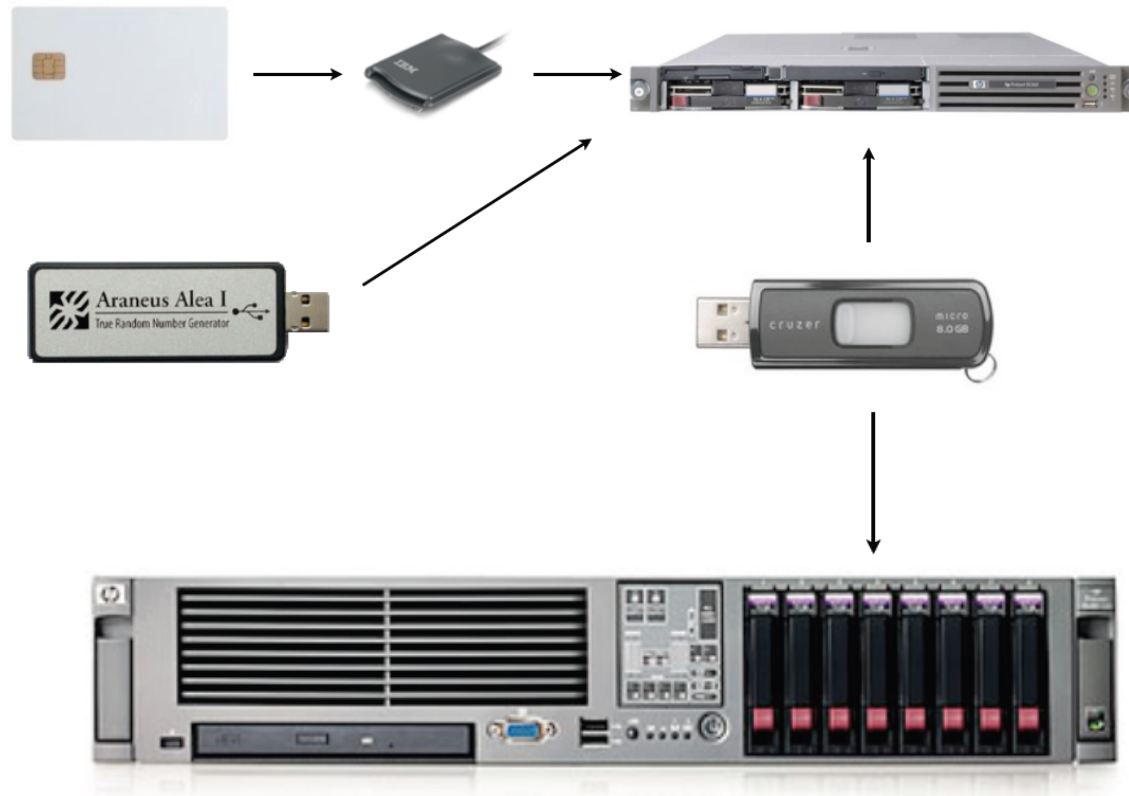
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The old system



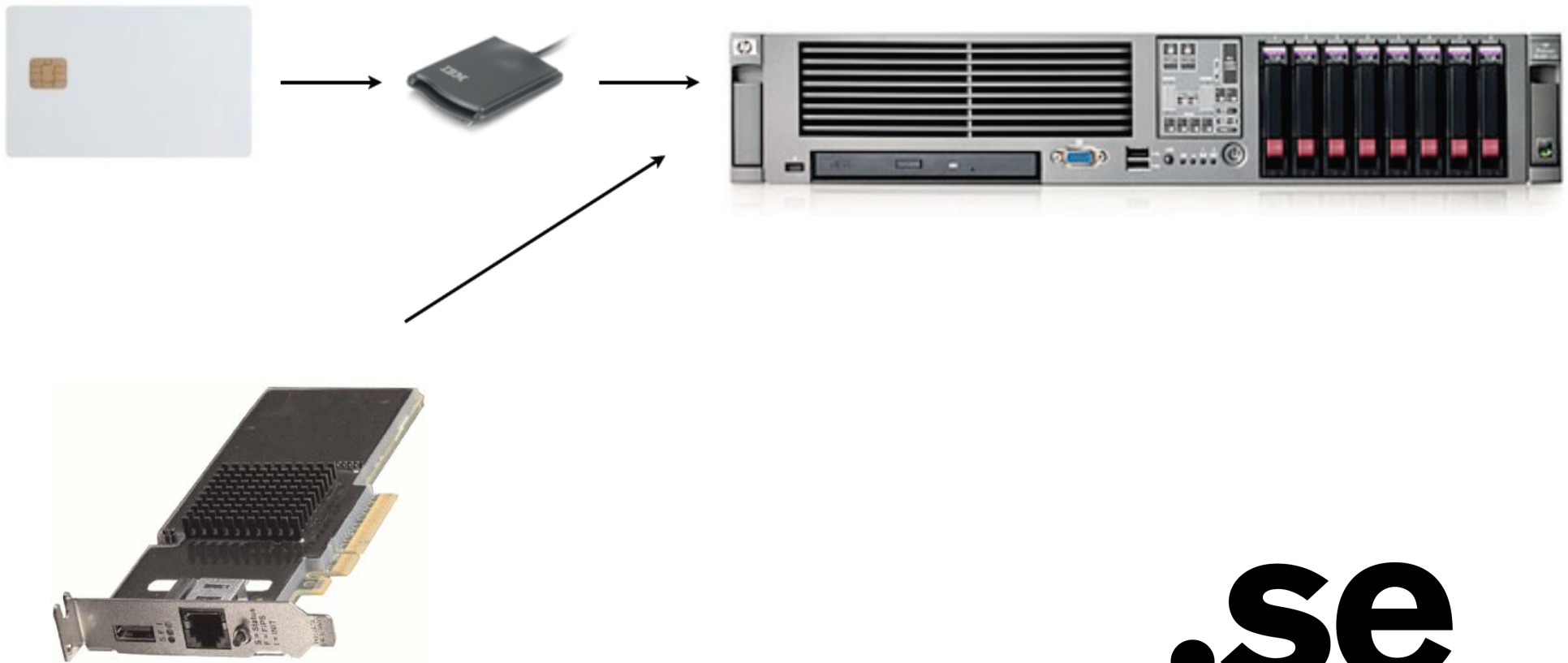
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The old system



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The new system



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The new system

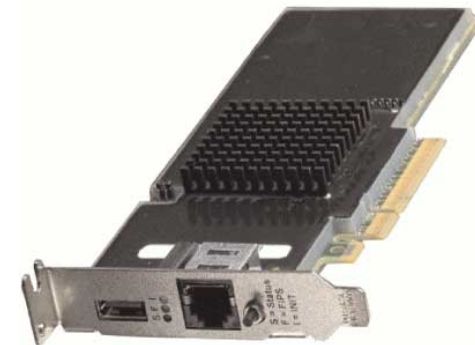
- Old KSK is on a smartcard, but will be replaced by the end of the year. Stored in a safe.
- New keys are stored in an HSM
 - SCA 6000
- The keys are now always online

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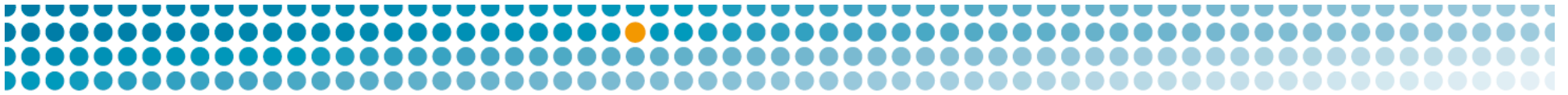
SCA 6000

Sun Crypto Accelerator 6000

Interface	PCI-Express x8
Certification	FIPS 140-2 level 3
Performance (RSA-1024)	13,000 sign/s
System support	Solaris, RHEL, SUSE
Price	\$ 1,350



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Interface

- The server fetch and deliver the zone file using SCP
- Using cronjobs to trigger the events
- New overlapping KSK is introduced in the beginning of each year
- The key is manually extracted

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Backup

- No need to continuously do backup of the keys
 - Pre-generated keys for 10 years
- We only synchronize the KASP database to the standby site

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Thank you

- How do you administrate your zones?
- Zone distribution?
- Other questions?

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